

Question
1



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one important idea found in the Declaration of Independence.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: People are born with natural rights.
- A: The power of government comes from the people.
- A: The people can change their government if it hurts their natural rights.
- A: All people are created equal.

Question
2



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What is the supreme law of the land?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The Constitution

Question
3



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What does the
Constitution do?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: It sets up the government.
A: It protects basic rights of
Americans.

Question
4



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What does “We the
People” mean in the
Constitution?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The power of government
comes from the people.

Question
5



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What do we call changes
to the Constitution?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Amendments

Question
6



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What is an amendment?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Flash Cards**

A: It is a change to the Constitution.

Question
7



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What do we call the first ten amendments to the Constitution?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The Bill of Rights

Question
8



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one right or freedom from the First Amendment.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Speech
A: Religion
A: Assembly
A: Press
A: Petition the government

Question
9



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

How many amendments
does the Constitution
have?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Twenty-seven (27)

Question
10



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What did the Declaration
of Independence do?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Announce the independence of
the United States from Great
Britain
A: Say that the U.S. is free from
Great Britain

Question
11



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What does freedom of religion mean?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: You can practice any religion you want, or not practice at all.

Question
12



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What type of economic system does the U.S. have?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Capitalist economy
A: Free market
A: Market economy

Question
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U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What are the three
branches or parts of the
government?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Executive, legislative, and
judicial
A: Congress, the President, the
courts

Question
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U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one branch or part
of the government.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Congress
A: Legislative
A: President
A: Executive
A: The courts
A: Judicial

Question
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U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who is in charge of the
executive branch?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The President

Question
16



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who makes federal laws?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Congress
A: The Senate and House (of
Representatives)
A: The (U.S. or national) legislature

Question
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U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What are the two parts of
the United States
Congress?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The Senate and House (of
Representatives)

Question
18



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

How many United States
Senators are there?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: 100

Question
19



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

We elect a U.S. Senator
for how many years?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Six (6)

Question
20



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name your state's two
U.S. Senators.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Answers will vary. [For District of Columbia residents and residents of U.S. territories, the answer is that DC (or the territory where the applicant lives) has no U.S. Senators.]

Question
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U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

How many U.S. Senators
does each state have?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Two (2)

Question
22



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

The House of
Representatives has how
many voting members?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: 435

**Question
23**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

We elect a U.S.
Representative for how
many years?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Two (2)

**Question
24**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name your U.S.
Representative.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Answers will vary. [Residents of territories with nonvoting delegates or resident commissioners may provide the name of that representative or commissioner. Also acceptable is any statement that the territory has no (voting) representatives in Congress.]

**Question
25**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who does a U.S. Senator represent?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: All people in that Senator's state.

**Question
26**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who does a U.S. Representative represent?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: All people in that Representative's district.

Question
27



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What decides each
state's number of U.S.
Representatives?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The state's population.

Question
28



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

How is each state's
number of
Representatives decided?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The state's population

**Question
29**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Why do we have three
branches of government?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: So no branch is too powerful

**Question
30**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one example of
checks and balances.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: The President vetoes a bill.
- A: Congress can confirm or not confirm a President's nomination.
- A: Congress approves the President's budget.
- A: The Supreme Court strikes down a law.

Question
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U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

We elect a President for
how many years?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Four (4) years

Question
32



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

How old must a President
be?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Thirty-five (35) or older
A: At least thirty-five (35)

Question
33



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

To become President of
the United States, what
must the person be at
birth?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: A citizen

Question
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U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who is the President
now?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: [Current president] (as of
November 20, 2006, George W.
Bush)

Question
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U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What is the name of the
President of the United
States?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: [Current president] (as of
November 20, 2006, George W.
Bush)

A: (President) George W. Bush

A: George Bush

A: Bush

Question
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U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who is the Vice President
now?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: [Current vice president] (as of
November 20, 2006- Richard
(Dick) Cheney)

A: Dick Cheney

A: Cheney

Question
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U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What is the name of the
Vice President of the
United States?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: [Current vice president] (as of
November 20, 2006- Richard
(Dick) Cheney)
A: Dick Cheney
A: Cheney

Question
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U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

If the President can no
longer serve, who
becomes President?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The Vice President

**Question
39**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who becomes President if both the President and the Vice President can no longer serve?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The Speaker of the House

**Question
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U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who is the Commander-in-Chief of the military?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The President

Question
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U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

How many full terms can
a President serve?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Two (2)

Question
42



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who signs bills to
become laws?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The President

Question
43



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who vetoes bills?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The President

Question
44



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What is a veto?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: The President refuses to sign a bill passed by Congress.
- A: The President says no to a bill.
- A: The President rejects a bill.

**Question
45**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What does the
President's Cabinet do?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Advises the President

**Question
46**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name two Cabinet-level
positions.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Flash Cards**

- A: Secretary of Agriculture
- A: Secretary of Commerce
- A: Secretary of Defense
- A: Secretary of Education
- A: Secretary of Energy
- A: Secretary of Health and Human Services
- A: Secretary of Homeland Security
- A: Secretary of Housing and Urban Development
- A: Secretary of Interior
- A: Secretary of State
- A: Secretary of Transportation
- A: Secretary of Treasury
- A: Secretary of Veterans' Affairs
- A: Attorney General
- A: Secretary of Labor

Question
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U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What Cabinet-level
agency advises the
President on foreign
policy?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The State Department

Question
48



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What does the judicial
branch do?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: Reviews and explains laws
- A: Resolves disputes between parties
- A: Decides if a law goes against the Constitution

**Question
49**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who confirms Supreme
Court justices?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The Senate

**Question
50**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who is the Chief Justice
of the United States?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: John Roberts (John G. Roberts,
Jr.)

Question
51



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

How many justices are on
the Supreme Court?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Nine (9)

Question
52



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who nominates justices
to the Supreme Court?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The President

Question
53



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one thing only the federal government can do.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: Print money
- A: Declare war
- A: Create an army
- A: Make treaties

Question
54



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What is one thing a state government can do?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: Provide schooling and education
- A: Provide protection (police)
- A: Provide safety (fire departments)
- A: Give a driver's license
- A: Approve zoning and land use

Question
55



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What does it mean that the U.S. Constitution is a constitution of limited powers?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: The federal government has only the powers that the Constitution states that it has.
- A: The states have all powers that the federal government does not.

Question
56



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who is the Governor of your state?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Flash Cards**

- A: Answers will vary.
[District of Columbia and U.S. Territory residents would answer that they do not have a state governor or that they do not live in a state. Mentioning the governor of the territory for Guam is acceptable. Any answer that mentions one of these facts is acceptable.]

Question
57



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What is the capital (or
capital city) of your state?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Answers will vary. [District of Columbia residents would answer that DC is not a state, and that therefore it does not have a capital. Any answer that mentions one of these facts is acceptable.]

Question
58



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What are the two major
political parties in the U.S.
today?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Democrats and Republicans

**Question
59**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What is the highest court
in the U.S.?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The Supreme Court

**Question
60**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What is the majority
political party in the
House of Representatives
now?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Democrats
A: Democratic Party

Question
61



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What is the political party
of the majority in the
Senate now?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Democrats
A: Democratic Party

Question
62



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What is the political party
of the President now?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Republicans
A: Republican Party

Question
63



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who is the Speaker of the
House of Representatives
now?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Nancy Pelosi

Question
64



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who is the Senate
Majority Leader now?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Harry Reid

Question
65



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

In what month are
general presidential
elections held in the
United States?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: November

Question
66



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

When must all males
register for the Selective
Service?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Flash Cards**

A: At age 18
A: At 18

Question
67



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who is the Secretary of
State now?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Dr. Condoleezza Rice
A: Condoleezza Rice
A: Dr. Rice

Question
68



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who is the Attorney
General now?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Alberto Gonzales

Question
69



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Is the current President in his first or second term?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Second

Question
70



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What is self-government?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Powers come from the people.
A: Government responds to the people.

Question
71



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who governs the people
in a self-governed
country?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: The people govern themselves.
- A: The government elected by the people.

Question
72



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What is the “rule of law”?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: Everyone must obey the law.
- A: Leaders must obey the law.
- A: Government must obey the law.

Question
73



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What are “inalienable rights”?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Individual rights that people are born with

Question
74



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

There are four amendments to the Constitution about who can vote. Describe one of them.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: Any citizen over 18 can vote.
- A: A citizen of any race can vote.
- A: Any male or female citizen can vote. (Women and men can vote.)
- A: You don't have to pay to vote. (You don't have to pay a poll tax to vote.)

**Question
75**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one responsibility that is only for United States citizens.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Vote
A: Serve on a jury

**Question
76**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name two rights that are only for United States citizens.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Flash Cards**

A: The right to apply for a federal job
A: The right to vote
A: The right to run for office
A: The right to carry a US Passport

Question
77



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name two rights of everyone living in the U.S.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: Freedom of expression
- A: Freedom of speech
- A: Freedom of assembly
- A: Freedom to petition the government
- A: Freedom of worship
- A: The right to bear arms

Question
78



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What is the Pledge of Allegiance?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: The promise of loyalty to the flag and the nation

Question
79



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one promise you make when you say the Oath of Allegiance.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: To give up loyalty to other countries (I give up loyalty to my [old][first][other] country.)
- A: To defend the Constitution and laws of the United States
- A: To obey the laws of the United States
- A: To serve in the United States military if needed (To fight for the United States [if needed].)
- A: To serve the nation if needed (To do important work for the United States [if needed].)
- A: To be loyal to the United States

Question
80



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who can vote in the U.S. presidential elections?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: All citizens 18 years of age and older
- A: All registered citizens 18 years of age and older

Question
81



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name two ways that
Americans can participate
in their democracy.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: Vote
- A: Join a political party
- A: Help out with a campaign
- A: Join a civic group
- A: Join a community group
- A: Tell an elected official your opinion on an issue.
- A: Call your Senators and Representatives
- A: Publicly support or oppose an issue or policy
- A: Run for office
- A: Write to a newspaper

Question
82



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

When is the last day you
can send in federal
income tax forms?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: By April 15th of every year
- A: By April 15th
- A: April 15

Question
83



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name two of the natural,
or inalienable, rights in
the Declaration of
Independence.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Life
A: Liberty
A: The pursuit of happiness

Question
84



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who wrote the
Declaration of
Independence?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Thomas Jefferson

**Question
85**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

When was the
Declaration of
Independence adopted?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: July 4, 1776

**Question
86**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one reason why
the colonists came to
America?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Flash Cards**

- A: Freedom
- A: Political liberty
- A: Religious freedom
- A: Economic opportunity
- A: To practice their religion
- A: To escape persecution

Question
87



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What happened at the
Constitutional
Convention?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: The Constitution was written.
- A: The Founding Fathers wrote the Constitution.

Question
88



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Why did the colonists
fight the British?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: They had to pay high taxes but did not have any say about it. (Taxation without representation.)
- A: The British army stayed in their houses. (boarding, quartering)
- A: The British denied the colonists self-government.

**Question
89**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

When was the
Constitution drafted?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: 1787

**Question
90**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

There are 13 original
states. Name three.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Connecticut, Delaware,
Georgia, Maryland,
Massachusetts, New
Hampshire, New Jersey, New
York, North Carolina,
Pennsylvania, Rhode Island,
South Carolina, and Virginia.

Question
91



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What group of people
was taken to America and
sold as slaves?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Africans
A: People from Africa

Question
92



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who lived in America
before the Europeans
arrived?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The Native Americans
A: American Indians

Question
93



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Where did most of
America's colonists come
from before the
Revolution?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Europe

Question
94



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Why were the colonists
upset with the British
government?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Stamp Act

A: They had to pay high taxes but
did not have any say about it.
(Taxation without
representation.)

A: The British army stayed in their
houses. (boarding, quartering)

A: Intolerable Acts

Question
95



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one thing Benjamin Franklin is famous for.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: A: U.S. diplomat
- A: Oldest member of the Constitutional Convention
- A: First Postmaster General of the United States
- A: Writer of “Poor Richard’s Almanac”

Question
96



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who is called the “Father of Our Country”?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Flash Cards**

A: George Washington

Question
97



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who was the first
President?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: George Washington

Question
98



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one of the writers
of the Federalist Papers?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: James Madison
A: Alexander Hamilton
A: John Jay
A: Publius

Question
99



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What group of essays supported passage of the U.S. Constitution?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The Federalist Papers

Question
100



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one war fought by the United States in the 1800s.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: War of 1812, Mexican American War, Civil War, or Spanish-American War.

Question
101



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What territory did the
United States buy from
France in 1803?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The Louisiana Territory
A: Louisiana

Question
102



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What country sold the
Louisiana Territory to the
United States?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: France

**Question
103**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

In 1803, the United States bought a large amount of land from France. Where was that land?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: West of the Mississippi
A: The Western U.S.
A: The Louisiana Territory

**Question
104**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one of the things that Abraham Lincoln did.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Saved (or preserved) the Union.
A: Freed the slaves
A: Led the U.S. during the Civil War.

**Question
105**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name the U.S. war
between the North and
the South.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The Civil War

**Question
106**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one problem that
led to the Civil War.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Flash Cards**

A: Slavery
A: Economic reasons
A: States' rights

Question
107



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What did the
Emancipation
Proclamation do?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: Freed slaves in the Confederacy
- A: Freed slaves in the Confederate states
- A: Freed slaves in most Southern states

Question
108



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What did the abolitionists
try to end before the Civil
War?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Slavery

Question
109



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What did Susan B.
Anthony do?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: She fought for women's rights.

Question
110



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one war fought by
the United States in the
1900s.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: World War I, World War II,
Korean War, Vietnam War, or
Gulf (or Persian Gulf) War

Question
111



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who was President
during World War I?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Woodrow Wilson

Question
112



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

The United States fought
Japan, Germany, and
Italy during which war?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: World War II

Question
113



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What was the main concern of the United States during the Cold War?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The spread of communism
A: The Soviet Union [USSR and Russia are also acceptable.]

Question
114



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What major event happened on September 11, 2001, in the United States?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Terrorists attacked The United States.

Question
115



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What international organization was established after World War II (WWII) to keep the world at peace?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The United Nations

Question
116



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What alliance of North America and European countries was created during the Cold War?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Flash Cards**

A: NATO (North Atlantic Treaty Organization)

Question
117



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Who was President
during the Great
Depression and World
War II?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Franklin Roosevelt

Question
118



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Which U.S. World War II
general later became
President?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Dwight Eisenhower

Question
119



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What did Martin Luther King, Jr. do?

Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards

A: He fought for civil rights.
A: He strove for (worked for, fought for) equality for all Americans.

Question
120



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Martin Luther King, Jr.
had a dream for America.
What was his dream?

Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards

A: Equality for all Americans
A: Civil rights for all

**Question
121**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What movement tried to
end racial discrimination?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The civil rights movement

**Question
122**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one of the major
American Indian tribes in
the United States.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Cherokee, Seminoles, Creek,
Choctaw, Arawak, Iroquois,
Shawnee, Mohegan, Chippewa,
Huron, Oneida, Sioux,
Cheyenne, Lakotas, Crows,
Blackfeet, Teton, Navajo,
Apaches, Pueblo, Hopi, Inuit
[Adjudicators will be supplied
with a complete list.]

Question
123



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one of the two
longest rivers in the
United States.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The Missouri River
A: The Mississippi River

Question
124



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What ocean is on the
west coast of the United
States?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The Pacific Ocean

Question
125



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What country is on the
northern border of the
United States?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Canada

Question
126



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Where is the Grand
Canyon?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Flash Cards**

A: Arizona
A: The Southwest
A: Along/on the Colorado River

Question
127



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Where is the Statue of
Liberty?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: New York Harbor

A: Liberty Island

[Also acceptable are New
Jersey, near New York City, and
on the Hudson (River).]

Question
128



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What country is on the
southern border of the
United States?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Mexico

**Question
129**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one large mountain range in the United States.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: The Rocky Mountains
- A: The Appalachians
- A: The Sierra Nevada
- A: The Cascades

**Question
130**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What is the tallest mountain in the United States?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: Mt. McKinley
- A: Denali

Question
131



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one U.S. territory.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: American Samoa
- A: The Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands
- A: Guam
- A: Puerto Rico
- A: U.S. Virgin Islands

Question
132



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name the state that is in
the middle of the Pacific
Ocean.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Hawaii

Question
133



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one state that
borders Canada.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Alaska, Idaho, Maine, Michigan,
Minnesota, Montana, New
Hampshire, New York, North
Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania,
Vermont, or Washington

Question
134



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name one state that
borders on Mexico.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Arizona, California, New
Mexico, or Texas

Question
135



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What is the capital of the
U.S.?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Washington, D.C.

Question
136



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Why does the flag have
13 stripes?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Because there were 13 original
colonies
A: Because the stripes represent
the original colonies

**Question
137**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Why do we have 13 stripes on the flag?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: Because there were 13 original colonies
- A: Because the stripes represent the original colonies

**Question
138**



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Why does the flag have 50 stars?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: There is one star for each state.
- A: Each star represents a state.
- A: There are 50 states.

Question
139



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

What is the name of the
National Anthem?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: The “Star-Spangled Banner”

Question
140



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

On the Fourth of July we
celebrate independence
from what country?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: Great Britain

Question
141



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

When do we celebrate
Independence Day?

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

A: July 4

Question
142



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

Name two national U.S.
holidays.

**Pilot Naturalization Test
Civics Flash Cards**

- A: New Year's Day
- A: Martin Luther King, Jr. Day
- A: Presidents' Day
- A: Memorial Day
- A: Independence Day
- A: Labor Day
- A: Columbus Day
- A: Veterans Day
- A: Thanksgiving
- A: Christmas